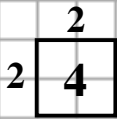


Square & Square Roots

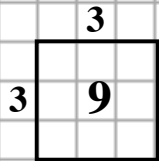
Objective: Students will be able to square a number and find the square root of a number.

Standards: 7NS 2.4

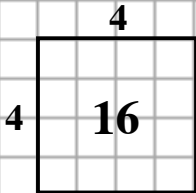
Squaring a Number



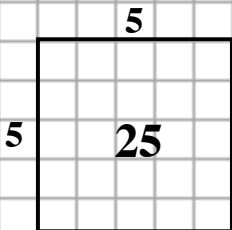
$$\begin{aligned} 2 \cdot 2 \\ = 2^2 \\ = 4 \end{aligned}$$



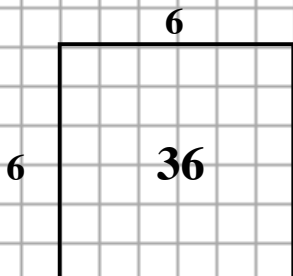
$$\begin{aligned} 3 \cdot 3 \\ = 3^2 \\ = 9 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 4 \cdot 4 \\ = 4^2 \\ = 16 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 5 \cdot 5 \\ = 5^2 \\ = 25 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 6 \cdot 6 \\ = 6^2 \\ = 36 \end{aligned}$$

Taking a Square Root

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{4} \\ = \sqrt{2 \cdot 2} \\ = 2 \end{aligned}$$

Draw a rectangle (we are going to define a square and why its called square & square root).

This rectangle has an area of 4. What would be the dimensions? [2 & 2]

Show multiplying 2 times 2, writing it using exponents and getting 4.

This is called “squaring a number”.

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{16} \\ = \sqrt{4 \cdot 4} \\ = 4 \end{aligned}$$

The inverse of squaring a number is taking the square root. We write like this $\sqrt{4}$. We need to think: “what number multiplied by it self equals 4?” We know that 2 times 2 is 4. Because 2 times 2 equals 4, then the square root of 4 is 2.

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{25} \\ = \sqrt{5 \cdot 5} \\ = 5 \end{aligned}$$

Think-Pair-Share:

* What shape did we draw in all the cases? [a square]

* Why do you think raising a number to the second power is called squaring a number?

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{36} \\ = \sqrt{6 \cdot 6} \\ = 6 \end{aligned}$$

*When we use the $\sqrt{\quad}$ we only want the positive square root. This is called the **Principal Square Root**

Simplifying Expression with Square Roots

*Remember: the $\sqrt{\quad}$ represents the Principal Square Root (a positive square root).

When we have $\sqrt{x^2}$, the square root must be $|x|$, since we don't know if x is a positive or negative

Example 1

Simplify.

<u>Generic Square</u>	<u>Decomposition</u>	<u>Traditional</u>
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> ? <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> ? m^{10} $m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet$ $m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m$ </div> </div>	$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{m^{10}} \\ &= \sqrt{m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m} \\ &= \sqrt{(m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m) \bullet (m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m \bullet m)} \\ &= \sqrt{m^5 \bullet m^5} \\ &= m^5 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{m^{10}} \\ &= \sqrt{m^5 \bullet m^5} \\ &= \sqrt{(m^5)^2} \\ &= m^5 \end{aligned}$

You Try 1

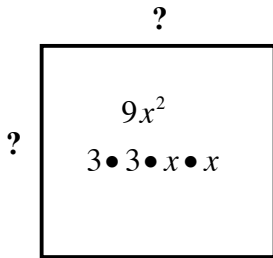
Simplify.

<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> ? <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> ? b^8 $b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet$ $b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b$ </div> </div>	$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{b^8} \\ &= \sqrt{b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b} \\ &= \sqrt{(b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b) \bullet (b \bullet b \bullet b \bullet b)} \\ &= \sqrt{b^4 \bullet b^4} \\ &= b^4 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{b^8} \\ &= \sqrt{b^4 \bullet b^4} \\ &= \sqrt{(b^4)^2} \\ &= b^4 \end{aligned}$
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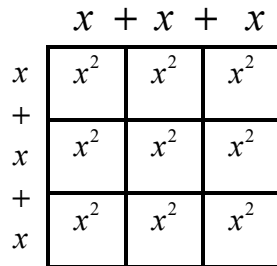
Example 2

Simplify.

Generic Square



Area Model



Decomposition

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{9x^2} \\ &= \sqrt{3 \cdot 3 \cdot x \cdot x} \\ &= \sqrt{3x \cdot 3x} \\ &= 3x \end{aligned}$$

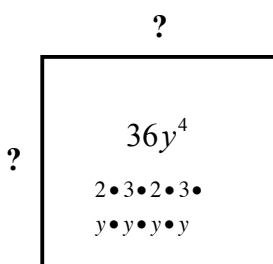
Traditional

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{9x^2} \\ &= \sqrt{3^2 \cdot x^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(3x)^2} \\ &= 3x \end{aligned}$$

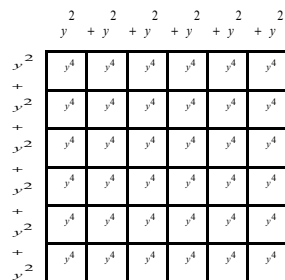
You Try 2

Simplify.

Generic Square



Area Model



Decomposition

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{36y^4} \\ &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y} \\ &= \sqrt{(2 \cdot 3 \cdot y \cdot y) \cdot (2 \cdot 3 \cdot y \cdot y)} \\ &= \sqrt{6y^2 \cdot 6y^2} \\ &= 6y^2 \end{aligned}$$

Traditional

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{36y^4} \\ &= \sqrt{6y^2 \cdot 6y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(6y^2)^2} \\ &= 6y^2 \end{aligned}$$

Example 3

Simplify.

Generic Square

$$\begin{array}{c} ? \\ \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 100a^{30}b^{24} \\ 10 \cdot 10 \cdot a^{15} \cdot a^{15} \cdot \\ b^{12} \cdot b^{12} \end{array}} \end{array}$$

Decomposition

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{100a^{30}b^{24}} \\ &= \sqrt{10 \cdot 10 \cdot a^{15} \cdot a^{15} \cdot b^{12} \cdot b^{12}} \\ &= \sqrt{(10 \cdot a^{15} \cdot b^{12})(10 \cdot a^{15} \cdot b^{12})} \\ &= 10a^{15}b^{12} \end{aligned}$$

Traditional

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{100a^{30}b^{24}} \\ &= \sqrt{(10a^{15}b^{12})(10a^{15}b^{12})} \\ &= \sqrt{(10a^{15}b^{12})^2} \\ &= 10a^{15}b^{12} \end{aligned}$$

You Try 3

Simplify.

$$\begin{array}{c} ? \\ \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 169a^{64}b^{18} \\ 13 \cdot 13 \cdot a^{32} \cdot a^{32} \cdot \\ b^9 \cdot b^9 \end{array}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{169x^{64}y^{18}} \\ &= \sqrt{13 \cdot 13 \cdot x^{32} \cdot x^{32} \cdot y^9 \cdot y^9} \\ &= \sqrt{(13 \cdot x^{32} \cdot y^9)(13 \cdot x^{32} \cdot y^9)} \\ &= \sqrt{(13x^{32}y^9)(13x^{32}y^9)} \\ &= 13x^{32}y^9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{169x^{64}y^{18}} \\ &= \sqrt{(13x^{32}y^9)(13x^{32}y^9)} \\ &= \sqrt{(13x^{32}y^9)^2} \\ &= 13x^{32}y^9 \end{aligned}$$

Squares and Square Roots

Number	Squaring a Number	Expanded Notation	Perfect Square	Taking the Square Root	Identify Factor Pairs	Square Root (Principle)
2	2^2	$= 2 \bullet 2$	$= 4$	$\sqrt{4}$	$= \sqrt{2 \bullet 2}$	$= 2$
3	3^2	$= 3 \bullet 3$	$= 9$	$\sqrt{9}$	$= \sqrt{3 \bullet 3}$	$= 3$
4	4^2	$= 4 \bullet 4$	$= 16$	$\sqrt{16}$	$= \sqrt{4 \bullet 4}$	$= 4$
5	5^2	$= 5 \bullet 5$	$= 25$	$\sqrt{25}$	$= \sqrt{5 \bullet 5}$	$= 5$
6	6^2	$= 6 \bullet 6$	$= 36$	$\sqrt{36}$	$= \sqrt{6 \bullet 6}$	$= 6$
7	7^2	$= 7 \bullet 7$	$= 49$	$\sqrt{49}$	$= \sqrt{7 \bullet 7}$	$= 7$
8	8^2	$= 8 \bullet 8$	$= 64$	$\sqrt{64}$	$= \sqrt{8 \bullet 8}$	$= 8$
9	9^2	$= 9 \bullet 9$	$= 81$	$\sqrt{81}$	$= \sqrt{9 \bullet 9}$	$= 9$
10	10^2	$= 10 \bullet 10$	$= 100$	$\sqrt{100}$	$= \sqrt{10 \bullet 10}$	$= 10$
11	11^2	$= 11 \bullet 11$	$= 121$	$\sqrt{121}$	$= \sqrt{11 \bullet 11}$	$= 11$
12	12^2	$= 12 \bullet 12$	$= 144$	$\sqrt{144}$	$= \sqrt{12 \bullet 12}$	$= 12$
13	13^2	$= 13 \bullet 13$	$= 169$	$\sqrt{169}$	$= \sqrt{13 \bullet 13}$	$= 13$
14	14^2	$= 14 \bullet 14$	$= 196$	$\sqrt{196}$	$= \sqrt{14 \bullet 14}$	$= 14$
15	15^2	$= 15 \bullet 15$	$= 225$	$\sqrt{225}$	$= \sqrt{15 \bullet 15}$	$= 15$
16	16^2	$= 16 \bullet 16$	$= 256$	$\sqrt{256}$	$= \sqrt{16 \bullet 16}$	$= 16$
17	17^2	$= 17 \bullet 17$	$= 289$	$\sqrt{289}$	$= \sqrt{17 \bullet 17}$	$= 17$
18	18^2	$= 18 \bullet 18$	$= 324$	$\sqrt{324}$	$= \sqrt{18 \bullet 18}$	$= 18$
19	19^2	$= 19 \bullet 19$	$= 361$	$\sqrt{361}$	$= \sqrt{19 \bullet 19}$	$= 19$
20	20^2	$= 20 \bullet 20$	$= 400$	$\sqrt{400}$	$= \sqrt{20 \bullet 20}$	$= 20$
25	25^2	$= 25 \bullet 25$	$= 625$	$\sqrt{625}$	$= \sqrt{25 \bullet 25}$	$= 25$

Squares and Square Roots

Number	Squaring a Number	Expanded Notation	Perfect Square	Taking the Square Root	Identify Factor Pairs	Square Root (Principle)
2	2^2	$= 2 \bullet 2$	$= 4$	$\sqrt{4}$	$= \sqrt{2 \bullet 2}$	$= 2$
3	3^2	$= 3 \bullet 3$		$\sqrt{9}$	$= \sqrt{3 \bullet 3}$	
4	4^2	$= 4 \bullet 4$		$\sqrt{16}$		
5	5^2			$\sqrt{25}$		
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
25						

CAHSEE Released Test Questions:

29. $(3^8)^2 =$

A 3^4

B 3^6

C 3^{10}

D 3^{16}

34. The square of a whole number is between 1500 and 1600. The number must be between—

A 30 and 35.

B 35 and 40.

C 40 and 45.

D 45 and 50.

35. Between which two integers is the value of $\sqrt{61}$?

A 6 and 7

B 7 and 8

C 8 and 9

D 9 and 10

M22059

87. Which expression is equal to $\sqrt{100a^2}$?

A $10a$

B $50a$

C $10a^2$

D $50a^2$

M2064

CST Math 7 Released Test Questions:

10 Which is an irrational number?

A $\sqrt{5}$

B $\sqrt{9}$

C -1

D $-\frac{2}{3}$

CSM00335

28 $\sqrt{225} =$

A 15

B 25

C 35

D 45

CSM01839

29 If $x = 100$, what is the value of $4\sqrt{x}$?

A 20

B 40

C 100

D 200

30 The value of $\sqrt{85}$ is between which two integers?

A 8 and 9

B 9 and 10

C 41 and 42

D 42 and 43

CSM40231

Warm-Up

y

CST: Grade 7NS1.2

3

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 =$$

- A $\frac{8}{81}$
- B $\frac{16}{81}$
- C $\frac{8}{3}$
- D $\frac{16}{3}$

CSM10434

Review: Grade 7

Classify each expression as rational or irrational.

- a. $\sqrt{96}$
- b. $\sqrt{70}$
- c. $\sqrt{40}$

x

Current: Grade 7

Simplify.

$$(3x^3)^2$$

Other: Grade 4MG 1.4

Find the area of the square.

